

WE WANT TO GO BACK TO THE FUTURE

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Item 8.1 – Geese Management at Swan Lake General Committee of Markham Council Monday September 21, 2020

Thank You to Markham Staff

- Thank you to Rob Grech and David Plant for the time taken for walkabouts around the Park to discuss our concerns and outline your views
- For 32 new trees and new "toxic" algae warning signs
- For outlining the scope of the proposed "Park Refresh" Program





General Committee Members

We ask for Your Support on Two Issues

- 1. Approval of the staff proposed enhanced Goose management program, including:
 - a) A new goose relocation program (June)
 - b) More intense geese hazing program for the fall
- 2. Approval of a trial program using strobe lights as part of the enhanced fall hazing program
 - a) Staff still has concerns and does not support inclusion
 - b) Markham Subcommittee (Aug 14) supported inclusion of strobe lights

The Case For Enhanced Goose Management Program

- This review is triggered by a concern about the phosphorus contribution
 - Fall migration is the primary contributor to phosphorus load (70%)
- Primary community impact nesting and visiting geese
 - Stay throughout the summer and into the fall and pollute parkland areas
 - Numbers are smaller (100+) however they significantly impact parkland areas and phosphorus load (25%)
- Once young can fly, numbers on lake at night increase (Aug. 10 230+)
 - those that nested elsewhere move to the safety of the lake

	Parkland	Noise	Phosphorus
Community Impact	Pollution	Pollution	Contribution
Nesting/ Visiting	V		25%
Spring Migration		v	5%
Fall Migration		1	70%
Program Benefits			
Spring	v	v	٧
Summer (Hazing)	V		
Fall (Hazing)		V	٧

Financial Assessment of Program

	Benefits of Proposed Programs									
			Phosphorus (Kg)		Savings		Program	Multi	Park	Less
	Program	Goal	Load	Reduction	#Yrs	Value	Cost	Year	Issues	Noise
Resident Geese	Eggs/ Relocation	50%	3.8	1.9	5	\$12,497	\$ 17,000	٧	٧	
Spring Migration	Hazing	0%	0.8	0.0	1	\$0	\$ -			٧
Fall Migration	Hazing	25%	10.5	2.6	1	\$3,499	\$ 9,500			٧
Note : To eliminate I kg of phosphorus			15	4.5		\$15,996	\$ 26,500			
using Phoslock costs \$1,333				30%						

Annual Program costs \$26,600, with potential Phoslock savings of \$16,000

- Spring Program : Worthwhile Cost \$17,000, reduces costs \$12,500 (5 yrs.)
 - Provides multiple year reduction in geese count (benefits over 5 yr. Phoslock cycle)
 - Reduces parkland pollution
 - Could be made more effective if the nesting groups could be relocated as well.
- Fall Program : Questionable Value
 - Cost \$9,500, reduces Phoslock costs by \$3,500 (assume 25% reduction, 1 yr. benefit)
 - Over 5 year Phoslock cycle: Costs \$47,500 to save Phoslock costs of \$17,500 (37%)
 - Primary benefit is one-time phosphorus reduction, some reduction in noise pollution
 - Need to increase effectiveness to at least 50% to justify the cost
 - More effective if we could alter migration patterns realize multi-year benefits

2100 Geese Taking an Afternoon Nap on Swan Lake (Nov 27, 2017)



- Daily counts over 1,000 frequent in Oct/Nov (currently 750)
 - Fly over neighbouring homes 4x day sunrise, midday(2), sunset
- Fall migration accounts for 70% of phosphorus contribution
 - Longer stays if good weather and food plentiful
- Can Hazing (scaring) be successful?
 - 1. What % will leave the lake following hazing
 - 2. What % return within 2 hrs?
 - 3. What % return the next day?

Temperature and Snow Fall Are Big Factors

- Difficult to assess the success of past hazing efforts
- Temperature and snow cover (access to food) may have more to do with the changing counts than hazing efforts
- Fall 2015 & 2016 warm, cooler periods 2018-2019

	Geese Days				Average Max			
	Total	Sept-Nov.		Daily	November		Light Snow	
	Year	%	Estimate	Average	F	С	December	
2019	26,000	71%	17,745	195	38.7	3.7		
2018	24,433	45%	10,920	120	38.8	3.8	Dec 3 - 30	
2017	23,403	78%	18,200	200	44.8	7.1	Dec 5 - 15	
2016	67,158	68%	45,500	500	51.1	10.6	Dec 3 - 10	
2015					51.0	10.5	Dec 8, Dec 16	
2014	23,152	79%	18,200	200	41.4	5.2	Dec 1 - 18	

Note: On Tuesday Sept. 15, 2020 there were 750 Geese on Swan Lake

Concerns Expressed About Strobe Lights

1. Don't scare geese away - true

• Not designed to "scare" them. Objective is to disrupt sleep patterns, encouraging them to find quieter resting area

2. Work for awhile but geese get use to them

- Perhaps a valid concern for full season use resident birds have reason to tough it out
- Perhaps migratory birds less reason to persist and will move on

3. Negative impact on other wildlife

- Perhaps a valid concern for full season use (best all season alternative)
- Proposal is to use strobes for fall migration period (Oct./Nov.).
- May trigger earlier departure of other migrating birds
 - Wild trumpeter swans have already left the lake
 - Regular mute swans are not on the lake this year, in future could be removed to co-ordinate timing with the program.

Proposed Fall Program Concerns & Options

Concerns - Low probability of success

Questionable that hazing techniques will reduce geese count impact by 25%, therefore even poorer economics

- Costly & Labour intensive exercise
- 2. Need to exceed 50% success rate to justify the cost

Three Options

- Abandon fall hazing program poor economics
- 2. Proceed as proposed by Staff (daily hazing \$9,500)
- Perpetual Harassment daily hazing, add strobe lights (\$17,500)
 - Try to reduce stays 50% to make program financially viable
 - A multi-year effort <u>may</u> alter migration patterns

2 Year Fall Trial

Recommend Perpetual Harassment

Goals: Reduce phosphorus contribution (Baseline 18,000 geese days)

- 1. Realize minimal annual reduction goals of 25% (13,500)
- 2. Realize financial viability at 50% reduction (9,000)
- 3. Alter migration patterns get multi-year benefit

Perpetual Harassment Program

- Implement staff's proposed increase to daily harassment
 - Dogs, laser light or boats as proposed
- Add 7 strobe lights on the water to discourage same day return

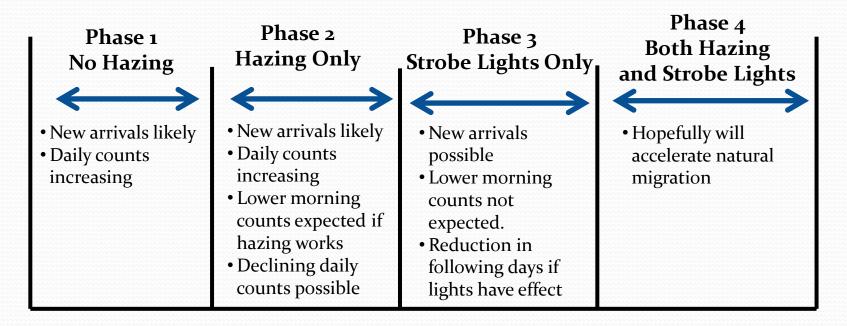
Trial costs for Markham: \$17,500 in 2020 (\$9,500 in 2021)

- Staff proposed daily hazing \$9,500 + one time \$8,000 for 7 lights
- If successful, lights can be reused either permanently through 2021 or only for the fall migration period.

Measuring Effectiveness of Hazing Efforts

- 20+ volunteers 3-4 counts per week
- Count will provide baseline for 2020 geese volume
- Primary objective is to determine if any hazing techniques are effective
 can we encourage early departures south

4 phase program "proposed" to city staff



Our Recommendations

- Support General Program Proposed by Staff
- 2. Support "Perpetual" fall hazing program that includes strobe lights
 - Add 7 strobe lights during the fall for all night disruption (\$8,000 last 3-5 yrs.)
- 3. Reassess after 2020 and 2021
 - Continue if financially viable



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Thank You For Your Support!